

UPPER MOUNT BETHEL TOWNSHIP
ORDINANCE NO. 96-1

COPY

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWNSHIP OF UPPER MOUNT BETHEL, NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA, TO PROTECT THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE OF THE TOWNSHIP BY THE ENACTMENT OF AN ORDINANCE WHICH PROVIDES FOR THE **REGULATION OF NOISE WITHIN THE TOWNSHIP** AND PROVIDES FOR THE ADMINISTRATION, ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES OF SUCH ORDINANCE.

BE IT ORDAINED AND ENACTED by the Board of Supervisors of the Township of Upper Mount Bethel, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the Authority of the same as follows:

SECTION 1: DEFINITIONS

The following words, terms and phrases when used in this Article shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning. All terminology used in this Article, not defined below, shall be in conformance with the applicable publications of the American National Standards Institute (ANSI S1.1 - 1960 (R1971) and its revisions) or its successor body.

1. **A-Weighted Sound Level:** The sound pressure level in decibels as measured on a sound level meter using the A-weighting network. The level so read is designated dB(A) and dB(c).
2. **Construction Operation:** The erection, repair, renovation, demolition, or removal of any building or structure; an the excavation, filling, grading and regulation of lots in connection therewith.
3. **Decibel (dB):** A unit for measuring the sound pressure level, equal to twenty (20) times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the pressure of the sound measured to the reference pressure, which is twenty (20) micropascals (20 micronewtons per square meter.)
4. **Emergency:** Any occurrence or set of circumstances involving actual or imminent physical trauma or property damage.
5. **Emergency Work:** Any work performed for the purpose of preventing or alleviating the physical trauma or property damage threatened or caused by an emergency.
6. **Extraneous Sound:** A sound which is neither part of the neighborhood ambient sound nor comes from the source under investigation.

7. **Facility:** Any building, structure, installation, equipment or site. An industrial facility is where industrial processes and manufacturing occur, including but not limited to, mining and mineral extractions.

a. Commercial facility includes stores, offices, restaurants, warehouses and other similar non-manufacturing activities. An institutional or governmental facility includes educational, health care, correctional, governmental and similar facilities.

8. **Impulsive Sound:** Sound of short duration, usually less than one (1) second, with an abrupt onset and rapid decay. Examples of impulsive sound include explosions, pile drivers, punch presses, drop forge impacts, and the discharge of firearms.

9. **Motor Vehicle:** Any vehicle which is propelled or drawn on land by a motor, such as, but not limited to, passenger cars, trucks, truck-trailers, semitrailers, campers, go-carts, snowmobiles, amphibious crafts on land, dune buggies, racing vehicles, or motorcycles.

10. **Muffler or Sound Dissipative Device:** A device designed or used for abating the sound of escaping exhaust gases or sound from an engine or machinery system.

11. **Neighborhood Ambient Sound Level:** That measured value which represents the summation of the sound from all of the discrete sources affecting a given site at a given time, exclusive of extraneous and transient sounds and the sound from the source of interest.

12. **Noise:** Any sound which annoys or disturbs humans or which causes or tends to cause an adverse psychological or physiological effect on humans.

13. **Noise Disturbance:** Any sound which (1) endangers or injures the safety or health of humans or animals, or (2) annoys or disturbs a reasonable person of normal sensitivities, or (3) endangers or injures personal property.

14. **Person:** Any individual, association, partnership, or corporation, and includes any officer, employee, department, agency, or instrumentality of a State or any political subdivision of a State. "Person" shall include the owner or operator of the noise disturbance source, the owner, tenant or manager of real property from which the noise disturbance emanates and any other individual responsible for producing the noise disturbance or allowing said disturbance to occur.

15. **Powered Model Vehicle:** Any self-propelled airborne, waterborne, or landborne plane, vessel, or vehicle, which is not designed to carry persons, including, but not limited to, any model airplane, boat, car or rocket.

16. **Public Right-of-Way:** Any street, avenue, boulevard, highway, sidewalk, alley or similar place which is owned or controlled by a governmental entity.

17. **Public Space:** Any real property or structures thereon which are owned or controlled by a governmental entity.

18. **Pure Tone:** A sound emitted at a single frequency.

19. **Real Property Boundary:** Either (1), the imaginary line, including its vertical extension that separates one parcel of real property from another, or (2), the vertical and horizontal boundaries of a dwelling unit that is one in a multi-dwelling until building.

20. **Real Property:** All land whether publicly or privately owned, whether improved or not improved, with or without structures, exclusive of any areas devoted to public right-of-way.

21. **Sound:** A vibrational disturbance, exciting hearing mechanisms, transmitted in a predictable manner determined by the medium through which it propagates. To be audible the disturbance must fall within the frequency range of 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz.

22. **Sound Level:** The weighted sound pressure level obtained by the use of a sound level meter and frequency weighing network, such as A, B or C, as specified in American National Standards Institute specifications for sound level meters (ANSI S1.4-1971, or the latest revision thereof). If the frequency weighing employed is not indicated, the A-weighing shall apply.

23. **Sound Level Meter:** An instrument used to measure sound level and conforms to Type 1 or Type 2 standards as specified by ANSI specification S1.4-1971.

24. **Sound Pressure:** The instantaneous difference between the actual pressure and the average or barometric pressure at a given point in space, as produced by sound energy.

25. **Sound Pressure Level:** The level of a sound measured in dB units with a sound level meter which has a uniform ("flat") response over the band of frequencies measured.

26. **Transient Sound:** A sound whose level does not remain constant during measurement.

27. **Vibration:** A oscillatory motion of solid bodies of deterministic or random nature described by displacement, velocity or acceleration with respect to a given reference point.

28. **Weekday:** Any day, Monday through Friday, which is not a legal holiday.

SECTION 2: POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE ZONING OFFICER AND THE DEPARTMENT OF POLICE

A. The noise control program established by this Article shall be administered by the Department of Police and Zoning Officer.

B. Powers and Duties of the Zoning Officer.

In order to implement and enforce this Article for the general purpose of sound and vibration control, the Zoning Officer shall have, in addition to any other authority vested in it, the power to:

1. Enter upon and inspect any private property or place, and inspect any equipment or operation of any report or records of such equipment or operation when such equipment or operation may be reasonably suspect of being the source of a noise disturbance or the cause of excessive vibration. Such entry and inspection may be accomplished at any reasonable time when granted permission by the owner, or by some other person with apparent authority to act for the owner. When permission is refused or cannot be obtained, a search warrant may be obtained from a court of competent jurisdiction upon showing or probable cause to believe that a violation of this Article may exist. Such inspections may include administration of any necessary tests.
2. Require the owner or operator of any commercial or industrial activity that may be reasonably suspect of being the source of a noise disturbance or the cause of excessive vibration to establish and maintain records (including time and duration) of equipment operations and other procedures.
3. Require the owner or operator of any noise source(s) to cease operation of that source(s) for a period not to exceed fifteen (15) minutes so that the neighborhood residual sound level may be measured.
4. Investigate suspected violations and seek compliance with, and enforce Section 3(B).

C. Powers and Duties of the Department of Police

In order to implement and enforce this Article for the general purpose of sound and vibration control, the Department of Police shall have in addition to any other power vested in it, the power to:

1. Investigate suspected violations and seek compliance with, and enforce Section 3(C).

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SECTION 3: PROHIBITED ACTS

A. Noise Disturbance Prohibited

No person shall make, continue, or cause to be made or continued, any noise disturbance. Non-commercial public speaking and public assembly activities shall be exempt from the operation of this section.

B. Enforcement

The Department of Police shall have primary responsibility for the enforcement of Prohibited Acts under Section 3(C).

C. Specific Prohibitions

The following acts, and the causing thereof, are declared to be noise disturbances and therefore in violation of this Ordinance:

1. Radios, Tape Players, Television Sets, Musical Instruments, Electronic Amplification Equipment and Similar Devices.

Operating, playing or permitting the operation or playing of any radio, television, phonograph, drum, musical instrument, sound amplifier, automobile radio, automobile stereo or high fidelity equipment or similar device which produces, reproduces or amplifies sound:

- a. At any time of the day in such a manner from any source as to create a noise disturbance across a real property boundary; or
- b. In such a manner as to create a noise disturbance across any real property boundary when operated in or on a motor vehicle on a public right-of-way or public space; or
- c. In such a manner as to create a noise disturbance to any person other than the operator of the device, when operated by any passenger on a common carrier; or
- d. At such a sound intensity that the sound is audible from a distance of forty (40') feet in any public area, street or sidewalk of the Township; when the sound source is in any public area, street or sidewalk of the Township; or

2. Stationary non-emergency signaling devices

a. Sounding or permitting the sounding of any signal from any stationary bell, chime, siren, whistle, or similar device, intended primarily for non-emergency purposes, from any place, for more than one minute in any hourly period.

3. Emergency signaling devices

a. The intentional sounding or permitting the sounding outdoors of any fire, burglar, or civil defense alarm, siren, whistle or similar stationary emergency signaling device, except for emergency purposes or for testing, as provided in subsection (b)(i) an (ii).

b. (i) Testing of a stationary emergency signaling device shall occur at the same time of the day each time such a test is performed, but not before 7 a.m. or after 10 p.m. Any such testing shall use only the minimum cycle test time. In no case shall such test time exceed sixty seconds.

(ii) Testing of the complete emergency signaling system, including the functioning of the signaling device and the personnel response to the signaling device, shall not occur more than once in each calendar month. Such testing shall not occur before 8 a.m. or after 6 p.m. The time limit specified in (i) shall not apply to such complete system testing.

c. Sounding or permitting the sounding of any exterior burglar alarm or any motor vehicle burglar alarm unless such alarm is automatically terminated within six minutes of activation.

4. Loudspeaker/Public Address System

Using or operating any loudspeaker, public address system, or similar device:

a. Such that sound therefrom creates a noise disturbance across a real property boundary, or

b. Between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M., the following day on a public right-of-way or public space.

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5. Street Sales

Offering for sale or selling by shouting or outcry within any residential or commercial area of the Township except between the hours of 7 A.M. and 10 P.M.

6. Animals and Birds

Owning, possessing, harboring or controlling any animal or bird which barks, bays, cries, squawks or makes any other noise continuously and/or incessantly for a period of ten (10) minutes or makes such noise intermittently for one-half (1/2) hour or more to the disturbance of any person at any time of the day or night regardless of whether the animal or bird is physically situated in or upon private property; provided, however, that at the time the animal or bird is making such noise no person is trespassing or threatening to trespass upon private property in or upon which the animal or bird is situated or for any other legitimate cause which teased or provoked the animal or bird.

7. Loading and Unloading

Loading, unloading, opening, closing, or other handling of boxes, crates, containers, building materials, or similar objects between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M. the following day in such a manner as to cause a noise disturbance across a residential real property boundary. This section shall not apply to municipal or utility services in or about the public right-of-way.

8. Vehicle, Motorboat, or Aircraft Repairs and Testing

Repairing, rebuilding, or testing any motor vehicle, motorcycle, motorboat, or aircraft in such a manner as to cause a noise disturbance across a residential real property line.

9. Domestic Power Tools

Operating or permitting the operation of any mechanically powered saw, drill, sander, grinder, lawn or garden tool, snowblower, or similar device used outdoors in residential areas between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M. the following day so as to cause a noise disturbance across a residential real property line.

10. Explosive, Firearms, and Similar Devices

The use of firing of explosives, firearms, or similar devices which create impulsive sound so as to cause a noise disturbance across a real property boundary or on a public right-of-way, without first obtaining a variance issued pursuant to Section 4(B)

11. Powered Model Vehicles

Operating or permitting of powered model vehicles so as to create a noise disturbance across a residential real property boundary or in a public space between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M. the following day.

12. Motor Vehicle Prohibitions

a. Exhaust System

Every motor vehicle shall be equipped with a muffler or other effective noise suppressing system in good working order and in constant operation and no muffler or exhaust system shall be equipment with a cutout, bypass or similar device so as to cause a noise disturbance.

b. Standing Motor Vehicle

No person shall operate or permit the operation of any motor vehicle or any auxiliary equipment attached to such a vehicle, for a period longer than fifteen (15) minutes in any hour while the vehicle is stationary, for reasons other than traffic congestion, on a public right-of-way of public space within 150 feet of a residential area.

c. Motor Vehicle Horns and Signaling Devices

No person shall at any time sound the horn or other warning device of a vehicle except when absolutely necessary as a warning while actually driving such vehicle.

d. Sound Trucks

No person shall operate sound amplifying equipment mounted on or attached to any motor vehicle:

1. Such that sound therefrom creates a noise disturbance across a real property boundary; or

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2. Between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M., the following day on a public right-of-way or public space.

D. The Zoning Officer and Police Department shall have primary responsibility for the enforcement of Prohibited Acts under Section 3(E)

E. Specific Prohibitions

The following acts, and the causing thereof, are declared to be noise disturbances and therefor in violation of this Ordinance.

1. Construction/Operation of heavy machinery;

Operating or permitting the operation of any tools, equipment or heavy machinery used in construction, drilling, demolition work;

a. Between the hours of 10 P.M. and 7 A.M. the following day on weekdays and Saturdays or holidays, such that the sound therefrom creates a noise disturbance across a residential real property boundary, except for emergency work.

b. At any other time such that the sound level at or across a real property boundary exceeds 85 dB(A) unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Section 4(B).

c. This section shall not apply to the use of domestic power tools subject to Section 3(C)(9).

2. Industrial, commercial, public service, or community service facility

a. No person shall cause, suffer, allow or permit sound from any industrial, commercial, public service or community service facility that, when measured at any residential property line, is in excess of any of the following:

(1) From 6:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M.:

(i) Continuous airborne sound which has a sound level in excess of 65 dBA; or

(ii) Continuous airborne sound which has an octave band sound pressure level in decibels which exceeds the values listed below in one or more octave bands:

Octave Band Center Frequency (Hz)	Octave Band Sound Pressure Level (dB)
31.5	96
63	82
125	74
250	67
500	63
1000	60
2000	57
4000	55
8000	53

or,

(iii) Impulsive sound in air which has a peak sound pressure level in excess of 80 decibels.

(2) From 10:00 P.M. to 7:00 A.M.:

(i) Continuous airborne sound which has a sound level in excess of 50 dBA; or

(ii) Continuous airborne sound which has an octave band sound pressure level in decibels which exceeds the values listed below in one or more octave bands:

Octave Band Center Frequency (Hz)	Octave Band Sound Pressure Level (dB)
31.5	86
63	71
125	61
250	53
500	48
1000	45
2000	42
4000	40
8000	38

(iii) Impulsive sound in air which has a peak sound pressure level in excess of 80 decibels.

3. Places of Public Entertainment

Operating, playing, or permitting the operation of playing of any radio, television, phonograph, drum, musical instrument, sound amplifier or similar device which produces, reproduces, or amplifies sound within any place of public entertainment at a sound level greater than 90 dB(A) as read by the slow response on a sound level meter at any point that is normally occupied by a customer unless a conspicuous and legible sign is located outside such place, near each public entrance stating **"WARNING: SOUND LEVELS WITHIN MAY CAUSE PERMANENT HEARING IMPAIRMENT"**. All places of public entertainment shall also be required to comply with Section 5(A), (B), and (C) of this article unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Section 4(B).

4. Concerts

Unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Section 4(c), band concerts, block parties, church carnivals, fairs or other similar activities publicly or privately sponsored and presented in any public or private space outdoors:

- a. Shall not produce sound 10dB(A) in excess of the sound levels set forth in Table 1 of Section 5(A) of this Article; and
- b. Shall be limited to ten (10) occasions in a single location within a single calendar year.

5. Vibration

Unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Section 4(B), operating or permitting the operation of any device that causes vibration which is above the vibration perception threshold of an individual at or beyond the property boundary of the source if on private property or at fifty (50') feet from the source if the source is on a public space or public right-of-way. For the purpose of this Section, "vibration perception threshold" means the minimum ground-or structure-borne vibrational motion necessary to cause a person of normal sensitivities to be aware of the vibration.

6. Tampering

The following acts or the causing thereof are prohibited:

a. The removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair or replacement of any noise control device or element of design or noise level of any product.

b. The removing or rendering inaccurate or inoperative any sound monitoring instrument or device positioned by the Zoning Officer, provided such device or the immediate area is clearly labeled, in accordance with noise control regulations, to warn of the potential illegality.

c. The use of a product which has had a noise control device or element of design or noise label removed or rendered inoperative, with knowledge that such action has occurred.

SECTION 4: EXCEPTIONS, VARIANCES AND EXTENSIONS

A. EXCEPTIONS

The provisions of this Article shall not apply to:

1. Emergencies

The emission of sound for the purpose of alerting persons to the existence of an emergency or from the performance of emergency work.

2. Municipal and Utility Services

The emission of sound resulting from the repair or replacement of any municipal or utility installation(s) in or about the public right-of-way.

3. Places of Religious Worship

The sounding or permitting the sounding of any stationary bell or chime used in conjunction with places of religious worship.

4. Aircraft and Airport Operations

Normal aircraft and airport operations.

5. Interstate Railway Locomotives and Cars

The conduct of interstate railway transportation.

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B. VARIANCES

1. The Board of Supervisors shall have the authority consistent with this section, to grant variances which may be requested.

2. Any person seeking a variance pursuant to this section shall file an application with the Board of Supervisor. The application shall contain information which demonstrates that bringing the sources of sound or activity for which the special variance is sought into compliance with this Article would constitute an unreasonable hardship on the applicant, on the community, or on other persons. (Notice of an application for a variance shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation at least once, at least three (3) days prior to any regularly scheduled Board meeting or at least once, one day prior to any special Board meeting.) Any individual who claims to be adversely affected by allowance of the special variance may file a statement with or appear personally before the Board. The Board shall hold public hearings to decide questions regarding applications for variances presented to it.

3. In determining whether to grant or deny the application, the Board shall balance the hardship to the applicant, the community and other persons of not granting the variance against the adverse impact on the health, safety and welfare or persons affected, the adverse impact on property affected, any other adverse impacts of granting the variance and the ability of the applicant to apply best practical noise control measures. Applicants for variances and persons contesting special variances may be required to submit any information the Board may reasonably require. In granting or denying an application, the Board shall provide a copy of the decision and the reasons for denying or granting the variance.

4. Variances shall be granted by notice to the applicant containing all necessary conditions, including a time limit on the permitted activity. The variance shall not become effective until all conditions are agreed to by the applicant. Noncompliance with any condition of the variance shall terminate it and subject the person holding it to those provisions of this Article regulating the source of sound or activity for which the variance was granted. Variances may be granted for a period of one (1) year. The person obtaining the variance may reapply for additional variance periods under terms set forth by the applicant and the Board.

C. EXTENSION FOR TIME TO COMPLY:

1. Any person seeking an extension in time in which to comply shall file an application with the Board. The application shall contain information which demonstrates that bringing the source of sound or activity for which the extension is sought into compliance with this Article prior to the date requested in the

application would constitute an unreasonable hardship on the applicant, on the community, or on other persons. (Notice of an application for an extension in time to comply shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation at least once, at least three (3) days prior to any regularly scheduled Board meeting or at least once, at least one (1) day prior to any special Board meeting.) Any individual who claims to be adversely affected by allowance of the extension in time to comply may file a statement with or appear personally before the Board. The Board shall hold public hearings in order to decide questions regarding applications for Extensions of Time to Comply.

2. In determining whether to grant or deny the application, the Board shall balance the hardship to the applicant, the community, and other persons of not granting the extension in time to comply against the adverse impact on health, safety, and welfare of persons affected, the adverse impact on property affected and any other adverse impacts of granting the extension.

Applicants for extension(s) in time to comply and persons contesting extension(s) may be required to submit any information the Board may reasonably require.

3. Extension(s) in time to comply shall be granted to the applicant containing all necessary conditions, including a schedule for achieving compliance. The extension(s) in time to comply shall not become effective until all conditions are agreed to by the applicant. Noncompliance with any condition of the extension(s) shall terminate the extension(s) and subject the person holding it to those provisions of this Article for which the extension(s) was granted.

4. Application for extension of time limits specified in extension(s) in time to comply or for modification of other substantial conditions shall be treated like applications for initial variances under subsection (2), except that the Board must find that the need for the extension or modification clearly outweighs any adverse impacts of granting the extension or modification.

D. APPEALS

Appeals of an adverse decision of the Board shall be made within thirty (30) days of the Board's decision to the Court of Common Pleas of Northampton County. The decision of the Board shall remain in force until such time as a judicial order of a court of competent jurisdiction supersedes the decision of the Board.

SECTION 5: SOUND LEVELS BY RECEIVING LAND USE

A. Maximum Permissible Sound Levels by Receiving Land Use

Unless a variance is obtained pursuant to Section 4(B), no person shall operate or cause to be operated on public or private property any source of sound in such a manner as to create a sound level which exceeds the limits set forth in the receiving land use category in Table 1 when measured at or within the property boundary of the receiving land use. Any noise source that produces sound in excess of those levels shall constitute a noise disturbance.

Table 1. Permissible Maximum Sound Levels by Receiving Land Use

Receiving Land Use	Sound Level Limit, dB(A)	
	6 A.M. - 6 P.M.	6 P.M. - 6 A.M.
Residential	55	45
Parks and Institutional and Governmental	65	55
Institutional and Governmental	65	55
Business	65	55
Industrial	65	60

B. Sound in Excess of Neighborhood Ambient Sound Levels

In the event that the background sound levels in an area of suspected noise disturbance exceed the levels set forth in Table 1 above, that sound constitutes an intrusive noise source and shall constitute a noise disturbance.

C. Correction for Character of Sound

For any source of sound which emits a pure tone or impulsive sound, the maximum sound level limits set forth in Section 5(A) shall be reduced 5 dB(A).

SECTION 6: ENFORCEMENT

A. Penalties

1. Any person violating any provisions of this Article shall, upon conviction thereof, in a summary proceeding, be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than One Thousand (\$1,000.00) Dollars for each and every offense, to be collected as other fines and costs are by law collectible, or shall be imprisoned for not more than ninety (90) days or both. Each day during which any person violates any provision of this Article shall constitute a separate offense.

2. This Article and the foregoing penalties shall not be construed to limit or deny the right of the Township or any person to such equitable or other remedies as may otherwise be available with or without process of law.

B. Notice of Violation

In lieu of issuing a citation as provided in Section 6(c), the Department of Police may issue an order requiring abatement of any source or vibration alleged to be in violation of this Article within a reasonable time period not to exceed thirty (30) days.

C. Citation

Except where a person is acting in good faith to comply with a notice of violation issued pursuant to Section 6(B) violation of any part of this Article shall be cause for a citation to be issued by the Zoning Officer or the Department of Police.

D. Severability

If any person of this ordinance is held to be unconstitutional or otherwise invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions of the ordinance shall not be invalidated.

E. Immediate Threats to the Health and Welfare

1. The Zoning Officer shall order an immediate halt to any sound which exposes any person, except those excluded pursuant to subsection (2) to continuous sound levels in excess of those shown in Table 2. If, following the issuance of such an order, the order is not obeyed, the Zoning Officer may apply to the appropriate court for an injunction to enforce the order or may undertake any and all lawful action to effect an immediate halt to continuous sound levels in excess of those shown in Table 2.

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2. No order pursuant to subsection (1) shall be issued if the only persons exposed to sound levels in excess of those listed in Table 2 are exposed as a result of (a) trespass; (b) invitation upon private property by the person causing or permitting the sound; or (c) employment by the person or a contractor of the person causing or permitting the sound.

3. Any person subject to an order issued pursuant to subsection (1) shall comply with such order until (a) the sound is brought into compliance with the order, as determined by the Zoning Officer; or (b) a judicial order has superseded the Zoning Officer's order.

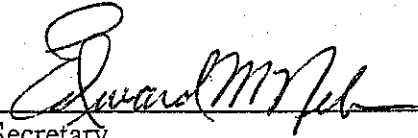
Table 2. Continuous Sound Levels which Pose a Immediate Threat to Health and Welfare (Measured at Receiver).


Sound Level Limit (dBA)	Duration (Hours)
85	8
90	4
95	2
100	1
105	1/2
110	1/4

IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED AND ENACTED this 12th day of February 1996, by the Board of Supervisors of Upper Mount Bethel Township.

ATTEST:

UPPER MOUNT BETHEL TOWNSHIP


Secretary

By: 
Chairman, Board of Supervisors